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**Information technology – Functional safety requirements for
home and building electronic systems (HBES)**

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CONTENTS

FOREWORD.....	4
INTRODUCTION.....	6
1 Scope.....	7
2 Normative references	7
3 Terms, definitions and abbreviations	8
4 Conformance.....	10
5 General requirements.....	11
5.1 General.....	11
5.2 Method of establishment for the requirements	11
5.2.1 General	11
5.2.2 HBES application environment	11
5.2.3 Sources of hazards.....	11
5.2.4 Hazardous events.....	12
5.2.5 Derivation of requirements.....	12
6 Requirements for functional safety	12
6.1 General.....	13
6.2 Power feeding	13
6.2.1 Safe restart after power is restored (1)	13
6.2.2 Product marking and instructions prevent risk of wrong connections (3) (6).....	13
6.2.3 Product construction and design prevent wrong connections	13
6.3 Environment.....	14
6.3.1 Product designed for application environment and specified temperature range (7).....	14
6.3.2 Resistance to abnormal heat and prevention of fire propagation (8).....	14
6.3.3 Withstand of mechanical stress appropriate to the application(s) (9).....	14
6.4 Lifetime	14
6.5 Reasonably foreseeable misuse	14
6.5.1 Minimization of accidental download of wrong application software or parameters (15).....	14
6.5.2 Proper configuration and related parameters (15).....	15
6.5.3 Detection and/or indication of missing or incompletely configured products during configuration process (15)	15
6.6 Software and communication.....	15
6.6.1 Development process compliance with ISO 9000 or similar standards (16)	15
6.6.2 Check for proper operation of product software and integrity of the configuration (16)	15
6.6.3 Limitation of the traffic load imposed on the communication medium (12) (17).....	15
6.6.4 Proper function of product and exclusion of hazards on reception of messages from multiple sources (23)	16
6.6.5 Defined state after a system reset (if any) (24)	16
6.6.6 Restricted access to manual configuration of system parameters (24)	16
6.6.7 Disturbed communication	16
6.7 Remote operations	17

6.7.1	General recommendations.....	17
6.7.2	Within a single building or in its immediate vicinity.....	17
6.7.3	From outside the building	18
6.7.4	Management.....	18
Annex A (informative) Example of a method for the determination of safety integrity levels		20
A.1	General	20
A.2	Terms and definitions	20
A.3	As low as reasonably practicable (ALARP) and tolerable risk concepts	21
Annex B (informative) Hazards and development of necessary functional safety requirements		22
Annex C (informative) Some examples of non safety related HBES applications		28
C.1	General	28
C.2	Example 1: Oven	28
C.3	Example 2: Devices presenting a high potential risk of hazard.....	28
C.4	Example 3: Mains plugs, socket outlets and circuits	29
C.5	Example 4: Water temperature adjustment	29
Bibliography.....		30
Figure A.1 – Risk reduction – General concept		20
Table 1 – Requirements for avoiding inadvertent operations and possible ways to achieve them		19
Table A.1 – Example of risk classification of accidents		21
Table A.2 – Interpretation of risk classes		21
Table B.1 – Safety requirements and risk reduction		22

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – FUNCTIONAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR HOME AND BUILDING ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS (HBES)

FOREWORD

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- 2) In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.
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ISO/IEC 14762 has been prepared by subcommittee 25: Interconnection of information technology equipment, of ISO/IEC joint technical committee 1: Information technology.

This International Standard cancels and replaces ISO/IEC TR 14762, published in 2001, and constitutes a technical revision.

The main changes with respect to the Technical Report are the following:

While the Technical Report lists reasons for harms and some possible counter measures this International Standard extends the list of hazards and specifies specific measures to counter them.

This International Standard applies to all physical media, however, additional aspects of wireless and powerline features covered in ISO/IEC 24767 are not repeated.

This standard has the status of a product family standard and may be used as a normative reference in a dedicated product standard for the safety of home and building electronic systems. It is not intended to be used as a stand-alone publication.

This International Standard has been approved by vote of the member bodies, and the voting results may be obtained from the address given on the second title page.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

INTRODUCTION

Home and Building Electronic System (HBES) products integrated in a HBES should be safe for the use in intended applications.

This International Standard specifies the general functional safety requirements for HBES following the principles of the basic standard for functional safety, IEC 61508.

This International Standard identifies functional safety issues related to products and their installation. The requirements are based on a risk analysis in accordance with IEC 61508.

The intention of this International Standard is to allocate, as far as possible, all safety requirements for HBES products in their life cycle.

This International Standard only addresses HBES products.

This International Standard is addressed to committees that develop or modify HBES product/system standards, or, where no suitable HBES product standards addressing functional safety exist, to product manufacturers.

HBES and HES products in this International Standard are for non-safety related applications.

For related standards, see the IEC website.

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY – FUNCTIONAL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR HOME AND BUILDING ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS (HBES)

1 Scope

ISO/IEC 14762 sets the requirements for functional safety for Home and Building Electronic Systems (HBES) products and systems, a multi-application bus system where the functions are decentralised, distributed and linked through a common communication process. The requirements may also apply to the distributed functions of any equipment connected in a home or building control system if no specific functional safety standard exists for this equipment or system.

The functional safety requirements of this International Standard apply together with the relevant product standards for a device if any.

This International Standard does not provide functional safety requirements for safety-related systems.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

The provisions of the referenced specifications other than ISO/IEC, IEC, ISO and ITU documents, as identified in this clause, are valid within the context of this International Standard. The reference to such a specification within this International Standard does not give it any further status within ISO or IEC. In particular, it does not give the referenced specification the status of an International Standard.

ISO/IEC 14543-2-1, *Information technology – Home electronic systems (HES) architecture – Part 2-1: Introduction and device modularity*

ISO/IEC Guide 51, *Safety aspects – Guidelines for their inclusion in standards*

IEC 61508 (all parts), *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems*

IEC 61508-1:1998, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 1: General requirements*

IEC 61508-4:1998, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 4: Definitions and abbreviations; including its corrigendum 1 from April 1999*

IEC 61508-5:1998, *Functional safety of electrical/electronic/programmable electronic safety-related systems – Part 5: Examples of methods for the determination of safety integrity levels; including its corrigendum 1 from April 1999*

IEC 61709:1996, *Electronic components – Reliability – Reference conditions for failure rates and stress models for conversion*

ISO 9000 series, *Quality management systems*

EN 50090-2-2, *Home and Building Electronic Systems (HBES) – Part 2-2: System overview – General technical requirements*